CFSR Round 3
Statewide Data Indicator Series

The Children’s Bureau conducts Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs) in partnership with State child welfare systems in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. CFSRs enable the Children’s Bureau to assess conformity with Federal child welfare requirements, determine child and family experiences while receiving State child welfare services, and help States identify agency and program strengths and areas for improvement. While not used in the determination of conformity, Statewide data indicators provide important context in the evaluation of child outcomes related to safety and permanency by comparing the national performance to a State’s own performance over time on each indicator. CFSRs also focus on child and family well-being as well as systemic requirements.

CFSR Permanency Outcome 1:
Children have permanency and stability in their living situations.

Permanency in 12 Months for Children Entering Foster Care

This indicator measures whether the agency reunifies or places children in safe and permanent homes as soon as possible after removal.

**Definition:**
Of all children who enter foster care in a 12-month period, what percentage are discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering foster care? (A higher value is desirable)

**NUMERATOR:**
Number of children in the denominator who are discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering foster care

**DENOMINATOR:**
Number of children who enter foster care in a 12-month period

**Companion Measure:**
RE-ENTRY TO FOSTER CARE IN 12 MONTHS
Permanency in 12 months for children entering foster care and re-entry to foster care in 12 months are companion measures. States are encouraged to monitor performance on re-entry to foster care in 12 months, to ensure it does not worsen when performance on permanency in 12 months for children entering foster care improves. Thresholds are provided as the inverse of performance goals to provide the bounds in which State performance should not worsen.

**Changes From Round 2:**
This indicator now counts all types of permanency (reunification, live with relative, adoption, or guardianship) as a discharge to permanency. The measure was expanded to include all children who entered foster care that year, not just those children on their first removal episode. The window of time for the entry cohort was changed to a full year instead of 6 months to yield more stable estimates.
Data Quality Checks Performed

- Dropped records (>10%)
- AFCARS IDs do not match from one period to the next (>40%)
- Missing date of birth (>5%)
- Missing date of latest removal (>5%)
- Date of birth after date of entry (>5%)
- Date of birth after date of exit (>5%)
- Age at entry is greater than 21 (>5%)
- Age at discharge is greater than 21 (>5%)
- In foster care more than 21 years (>5%)
- Enters and exits care the same day (>5%)
- Exit date is prior to the removal date (>5%)
- Missing discharge reason (exit date exists) (>10%)
- Percentage of children on first removal (>95%)

Data Periods Used to Calculate the National Performance

AFCARS 11B, 12A, 12B, 13A, 13B, 14A

Primary Data Elements Required for Calculation

- AFCARS FC Element #1: Title IV-E Agency
- AFCARS FC Element #4: Record Number
- AFCARS FC Element #21: Date of Latest Removal
- AFCARS FC Element #56: Date of Discharge From FC
- AFCARS FC Element #58: Reason for Discharge

Optional Data Elements

- AFCARS FC Element #23: Date of Placement in Current Foster Care Setting
- AFCARS FC Element #41: Current Placement Setting

Additional Data Elements Required for Risk-Adjusted Analysis

- AFCARS FC Element #6: Child’s Date of Birth
- U.S. Census Bureau: Child Population, by State (used to derive State foster care entry rates)

Notes Under Revision

**INCLUSIONS**

Permanency includes discharges from foster care to reunification with the child’s parents or primary caregivers, living with a relative, guardianship, or adoption. Youth entering at age 17 who turn 18 while in care or discharge at age 18 are not counted as achieving permanency.

**EXCLUSIONS**

Children in care less than 8 days and children who enter care at age 18 or older are excluded.

**ADJUSTMENTS**

A trial home visit adjustment is applied to all AFCARS reporting periods used for this indicator. Six 6-month AFCARS reporting periods of data (3 years) are used to calculate the numerator in this indicator. This means that if a child discharges from foster care to reunification with parents or other caregivers after a placement setting of a trial home visit during any of the six reporting periods used for the indicator, any time in that trial home visit that exceeds 30 days is discounted from the length of the stay in foster care. For children with multiple foster care episodes in the 12-month period, this indicator uses the first episode reported. In other words, the actual date of discharge to permanency could occur at any time during the three years used to calculate this indicator, and the trial home visit would then be applied to see if it may result in a reduction in the length of time in foster care for the purposes of this data indicator.

Risk is adjusted on age at entry and the State’s foster care entry rate.

Adjusting on age at entry and the State’s foster care entry rate controls for the fact that children of different ages and in States with lower entry rates have different likelihoods of experiencing the outcome, regardless of the quality of care that a State provides.

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